

PATENT  
674519-2045.1

**IN THE CLAIMS:**

Kindly amend the claims, without prejudice, without admission, without surrender of subject matter, and without any intention of creating any estoppel as to equivalents, as follows:

38. (Currently amended) A method of preparing a baked product having improved pore homogeneity and reduced average pore diameter, relative to a baked product without addition of a polypeptide, the method comprising adding a polypeptide having lipase activity; wherein said polypeptide is a triacylglycerol [hydrolysing] hydrolyzing enzyme; and wherein said [polypeptide] polypeptide is capable of [hydrolysing] hydrolyzing glycolipids that are [normally] present in a flour to the corresponding galactosyl monoglycerides, wherein said polypeptide is capable of [hydrolysing] hydrolyzing at least 10% of galactosyl diglycerides [normally] present in a flour dough to monoglycerides.

Claim 39 has been cancelled.

40. (Original) A method according to claim 38, comprising adding to the dough the polypeptide in an amount that results in a reduction of the average pore diameter in the crumb of the bread made from the dough by at least 10%, relative to a bread which is made from a bread dough without addition of the polypeptide.

41. (Original) A method according to claim 38, comprising adding to the dough the polypeptide in an amount that results in an increase of the pore homogeneity in the crumb of the bread made from the dough by at least 5%, relative to a bread which is made from a bread dough without addition of the polypeptide.

42. (Original) A method according to claim 38, comprising adding to the dough the polypeptide in an amount that results in an increase of the gluten index in the dough of at least 5%, relative to a dough without addition of the polypeptide, the gluten index being determined by means of a Glutomatic 2200 apparatus.

43. (Original) A method according to claim 38 wherein the polypeptide is added to the dough in an amount which is in the range of 5,000-30,000 lipase [unites] units (LUS) per kg flour.

44. (Original) A method according to claim 38 wherein an emulsifier is added to the dough.

PATENT  
674519-2045.1

45. (Currently amended) A method of improving the stability of a gluten network in a dough, imparting improved pore homogeneity, reducing pore diameter of a baked product made from the dough or a combination thereof, relative to a dough without addition of a polypeptide, comprising adding to the dough:

a polypeptide wherein said polypeptide is capable of [hydrolysing] hydrolyzing glycolipids that are [normally] present in a flour to the corresponding galactosyl monoglycerides, wherein said polypeptide is capable of [hydrolysing] hydrolyzing at least 10% of galactosyl diglycerides [normally] present in a flour dough to monoglycerides; or,

a polypeptide prepared by transforming a host cell with a recombinant DNA molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence coding for a polypeptide wherein said polypeptide is capable of [hydrolysing] hydrolyzing glycolipids that are [normally] present in a flour to the corresponding galactosyl monoglycerides, wherein said polypeptide is capable of [hydrolysing] hydrolyzing at least 10% of galactosyl diglycerides [normally] present in a flour dough to monoglycerides, the host cell being capable of expressing the nucleotide sequence coding for the polypeptide, cultivating the transformed host cell under conditions where the nucleotide sequence is expressed and harvesting the polypeptide.

46. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 45, wherein the gluten index in the dough is increased by at least 5%, relative to a dough which is made without addition of the polypeptide wherein said polypeptide is capable of [hydrolysing] hydrolyzing glycolipids that are [normally] present in a flour to the corresponding galactosyl monoglycerides, wherein said polypeptide is capable of [hydrolysing] hydrolyzing at least 10% of galactosyl diglycerides [normally] present in a flour dough to monoglycerides; or, wherein the polypeptide is prepared by transforming a host cell with a recombinant DNA molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence coding for a polypeptide wherein said polypeptide is capable of [hydrolysing] hydrolyzing glycolipids that are [normally] present in a flour to the corresponding galactosyl monoglycerides, wherein said polypeptide is capable of [hydrolysing] hydrolyzing at least 10% of galactosyl diglycerides [normally] present in a flour dough to monoglycerides, the host cell being capable of expressing the nucleotide sequence coding for the polypeptide, cultivating the transformed host cell under conditions where the nucleotide sequence is expressed and harvesting the polypeptide, the gluten index being determined by means of a Glutomatic 2200 apparatus.

PATENT  
674519-2045.1

47. (Currently amended) A dough improving composition comprising a polypeptide wherein said polypeptide is capable of [hydrolysing] hydrolyzing glycolipids that are [normally] present in a flour to the corresponding galactosyl monoglycerides, wherein said polypeptide is capable of [hydrolysing] hydrolyzing at least 10% of galactosyl diglycerides [normally] present in a flour dough to monoglycerides, and at least one further conventional dough additive component[, wherein the dough component is an ingredient other than water].

Claims 48 and 49 are cancelled.

50. (Currently Amended) A method of preparing a dough comprising adding to dough ingredients an enzyme that [hydrolizes] hydrolyzes compounds including a [triglyceride] triglyceride, a glycolipid, and a phospholipid.

51. (Currently Amended) A method for preparing bread comprising preparing a dough comprising adding to dough ingredients an enzyme that [hydrolizes] hydrolyzes compounds including a [triglyceride] triglyceride, a glycolipid, and a phospholipid; and baking the dough.

Kindly cancel claim 52.

53. (Previously added) A dough prepared according to the method of claim 50.

54. (Currently Amended) In a dough wherein the improvement comprises the dough including an enzyme that [hydrolizes] hydrolyzes compounds including a [triglyceride] triglyceride, a glycolipid, and a phospholipid.